Effects of Future Pumping on Shallow Groundwater Circulation

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Illinois Department of Natural Resources





Shallow Aquifer Model – Toolbox for water supply planning

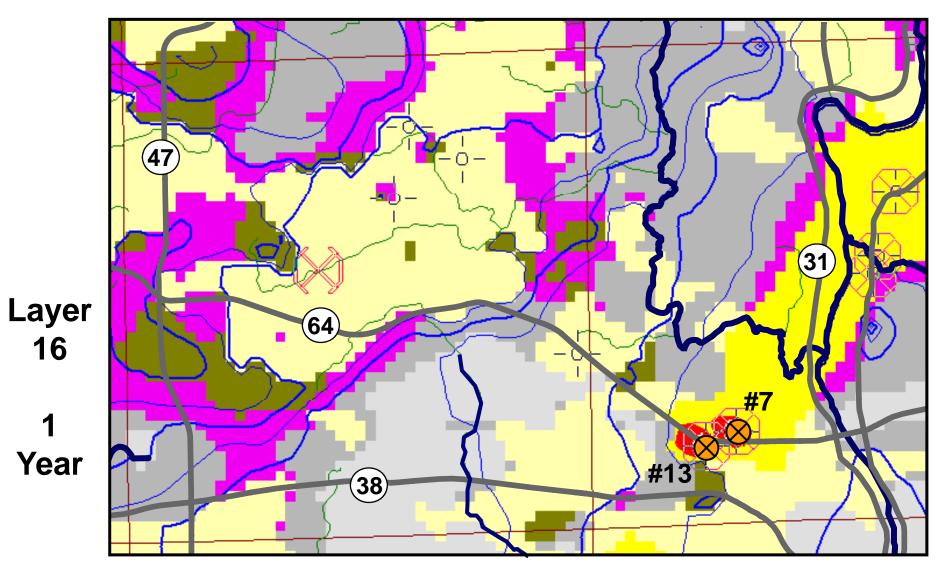
- Predictive scenarios
- Capture zone analysis
- Impact of future water use
- Interaction with streams
- Locating new wellfields



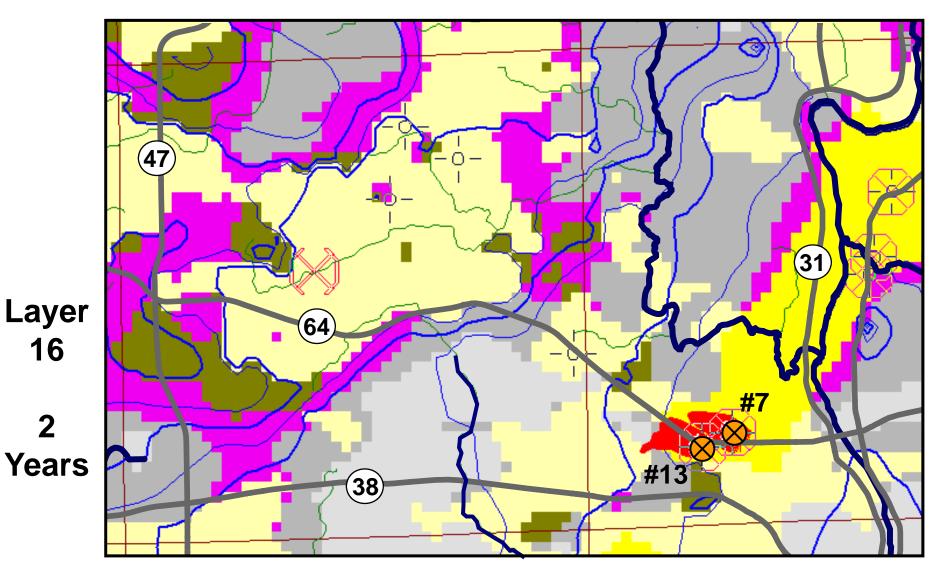
Predictive Scenarios

- Capture Zone Analysis
 - "Zone of Contribution" or "Recharge Area"
 - Track "virtual water particles" backwards through the flow system
 - Example from St Charles #7 and # 13

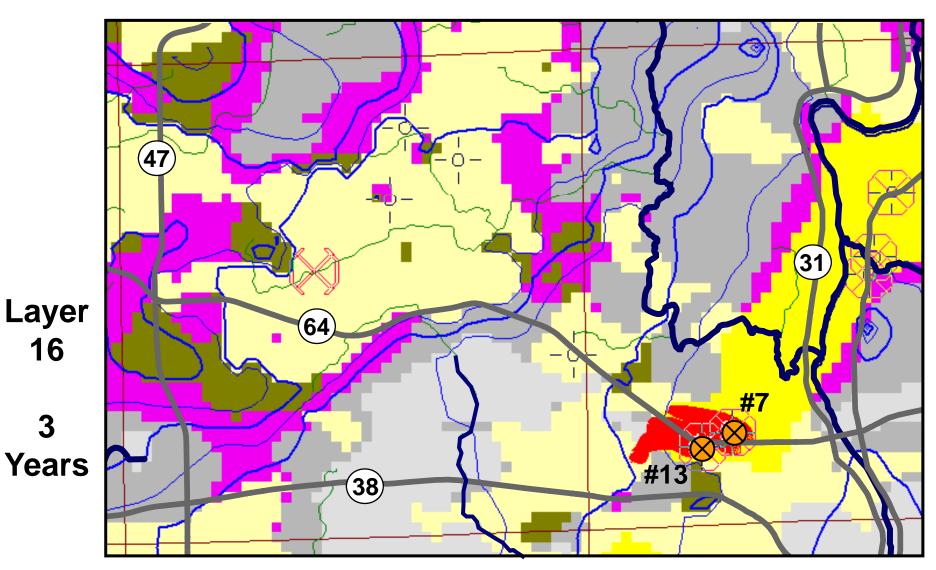




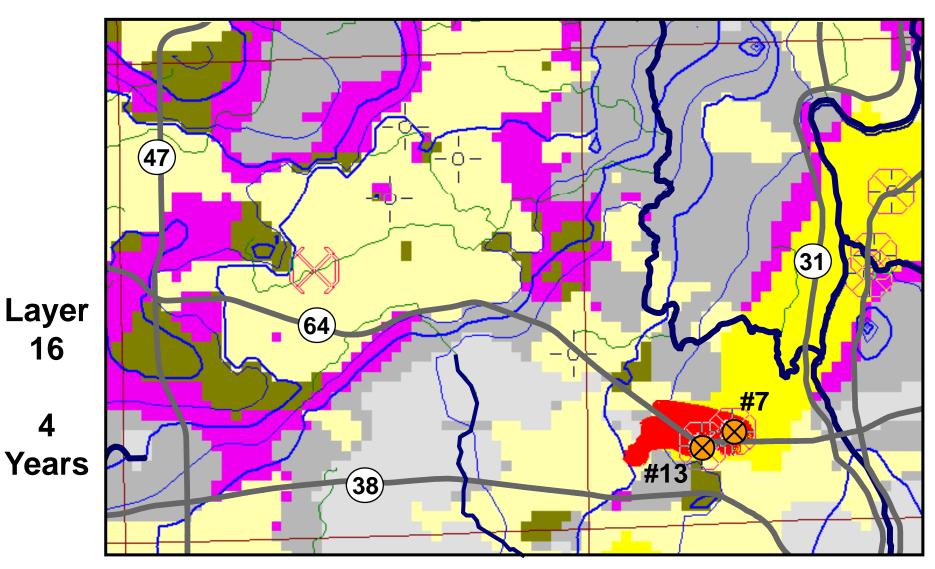




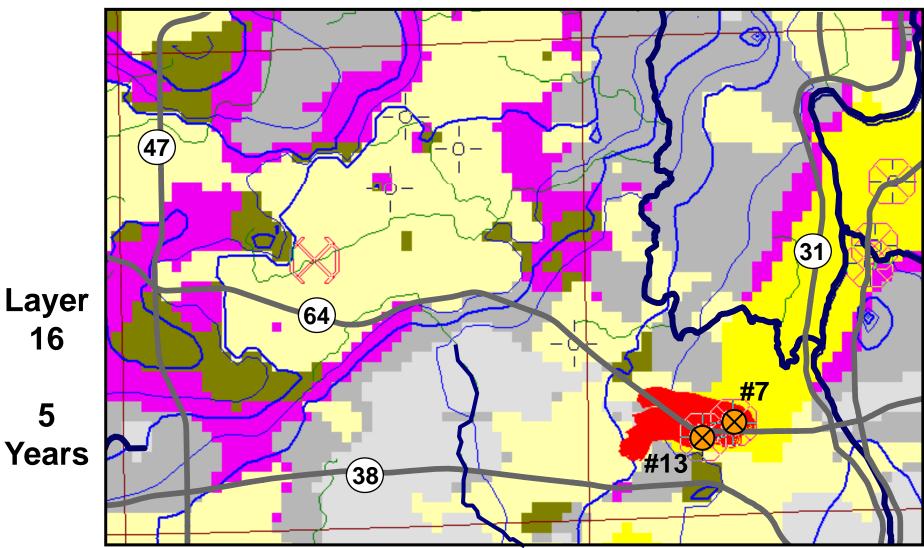




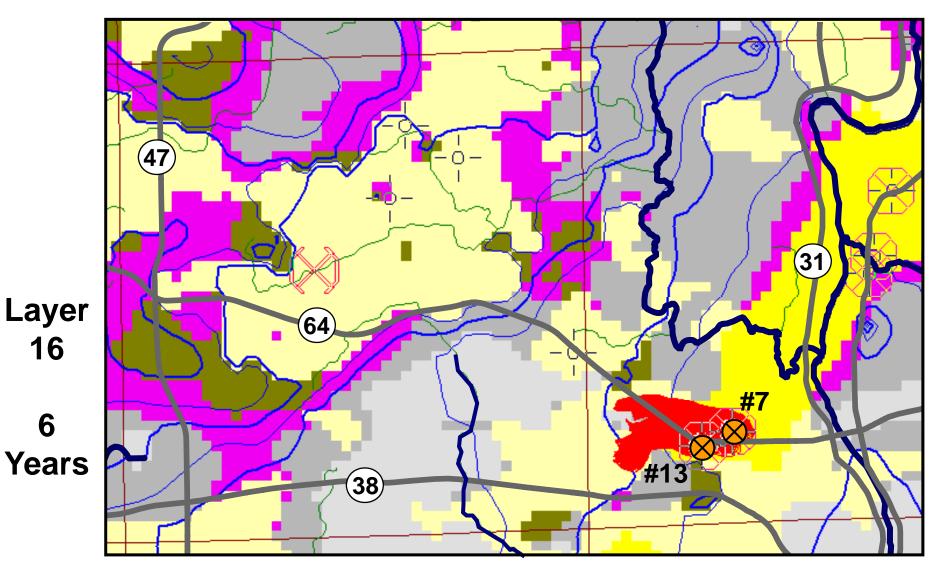




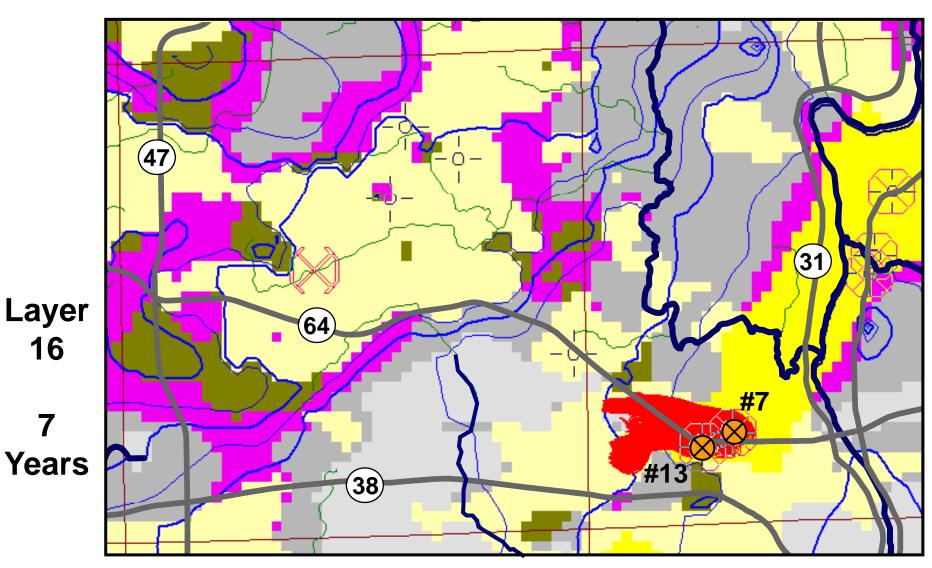




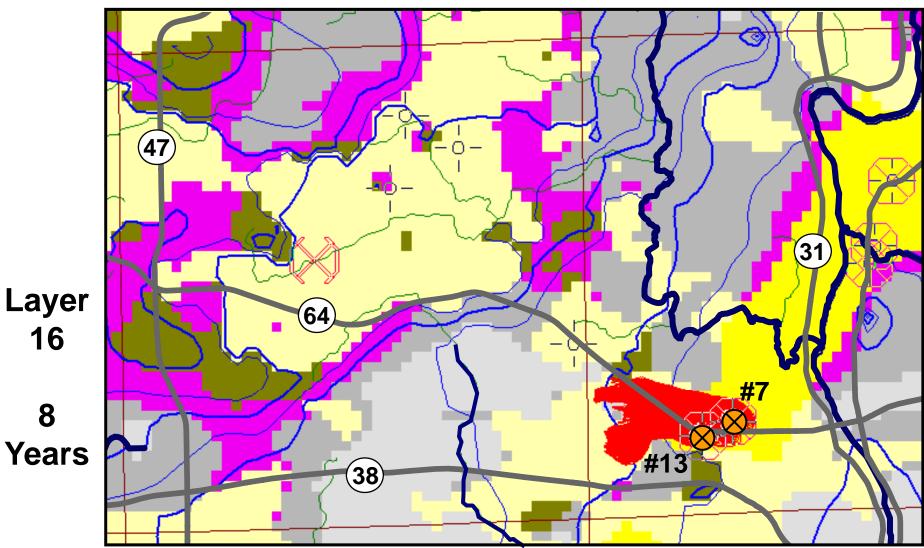




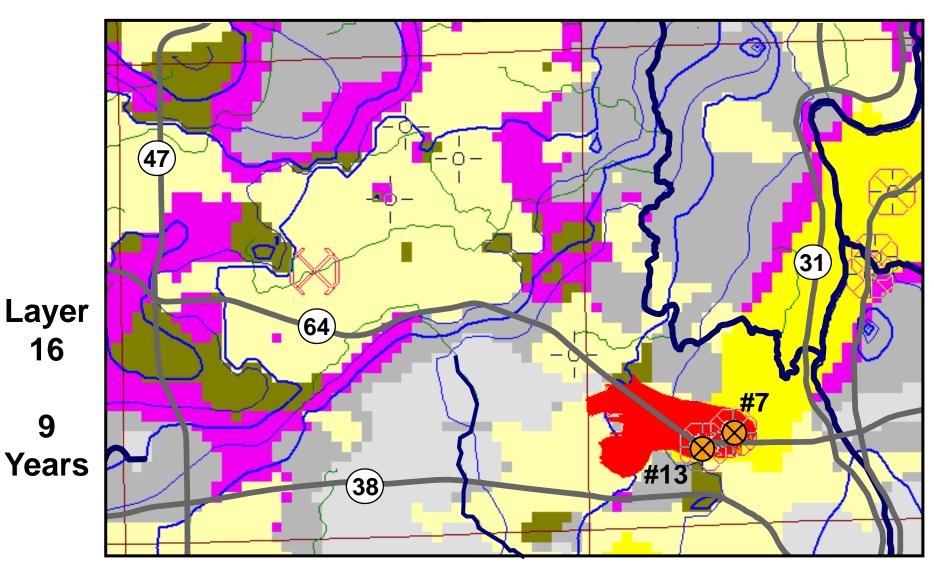




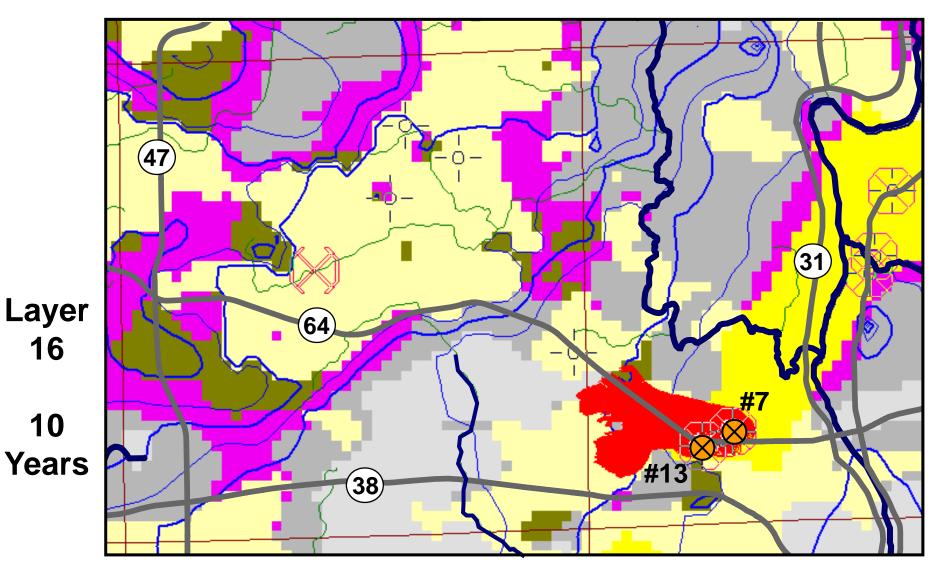




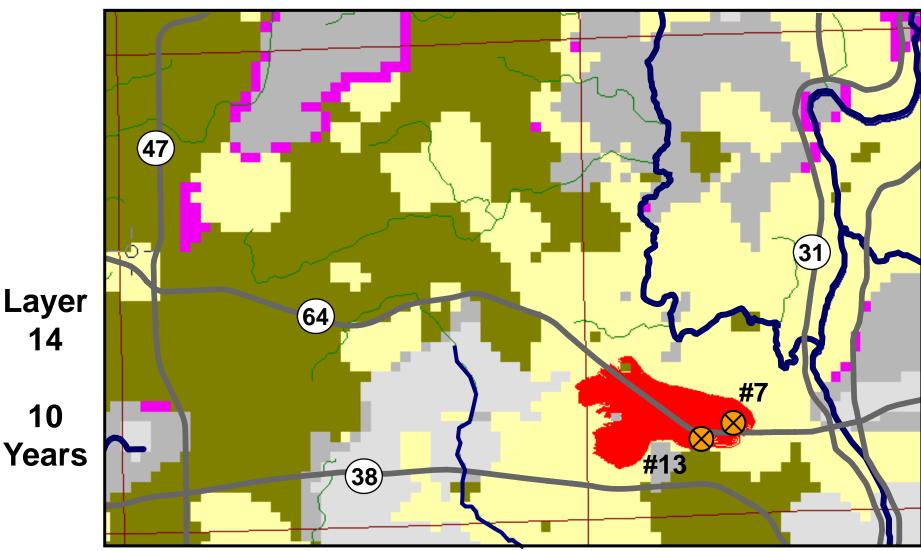






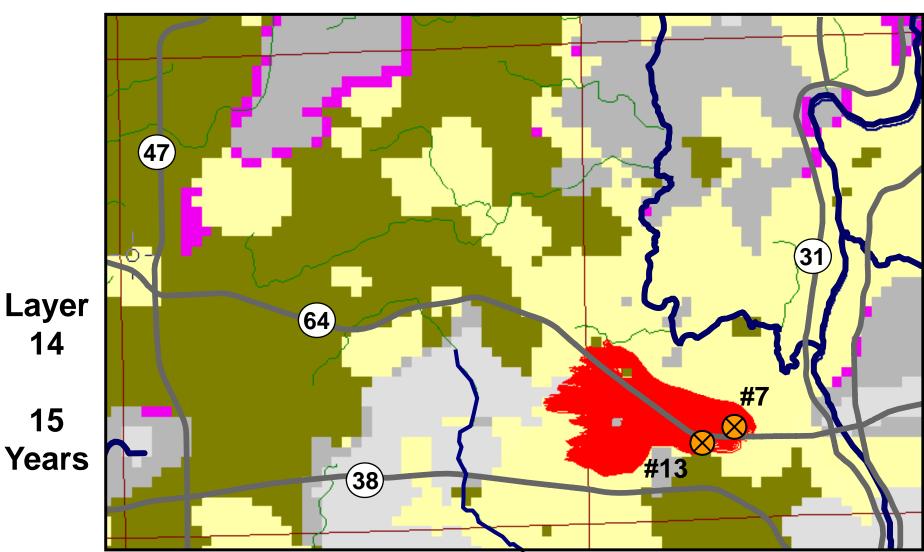






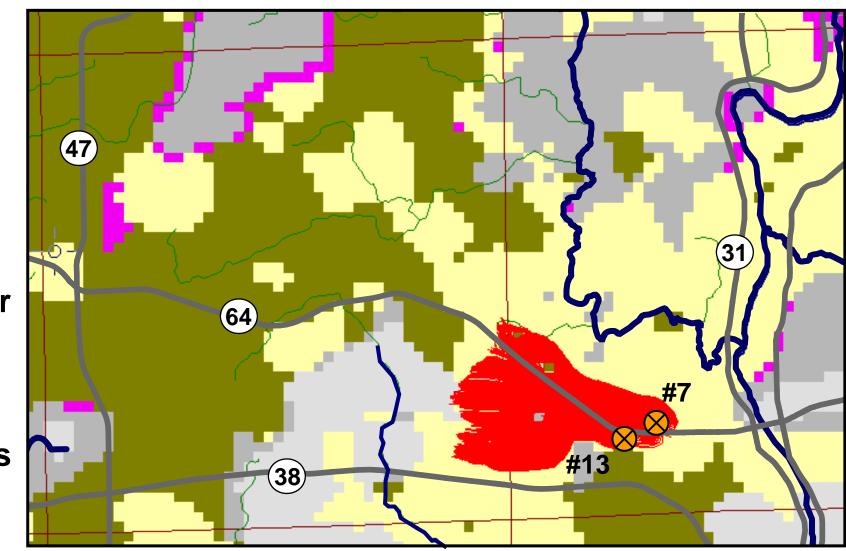
Layer 14 10





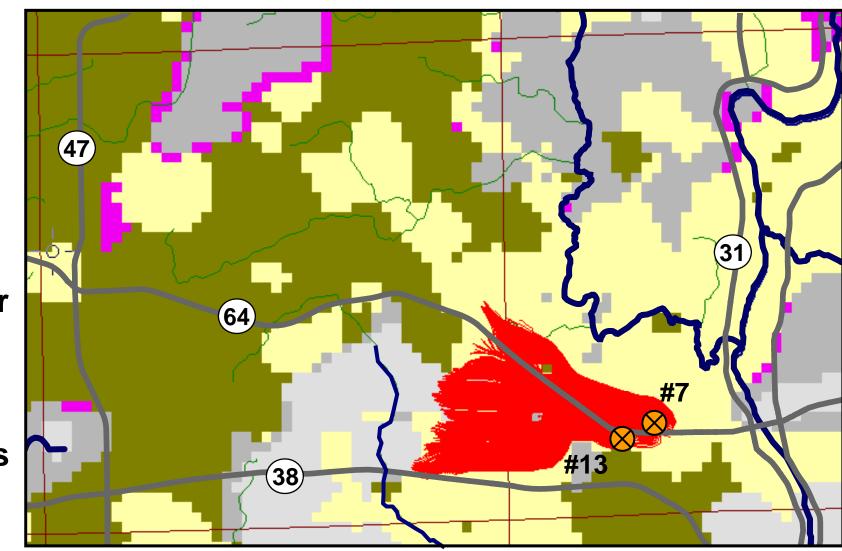
15 Years





Layer 14 20 Years

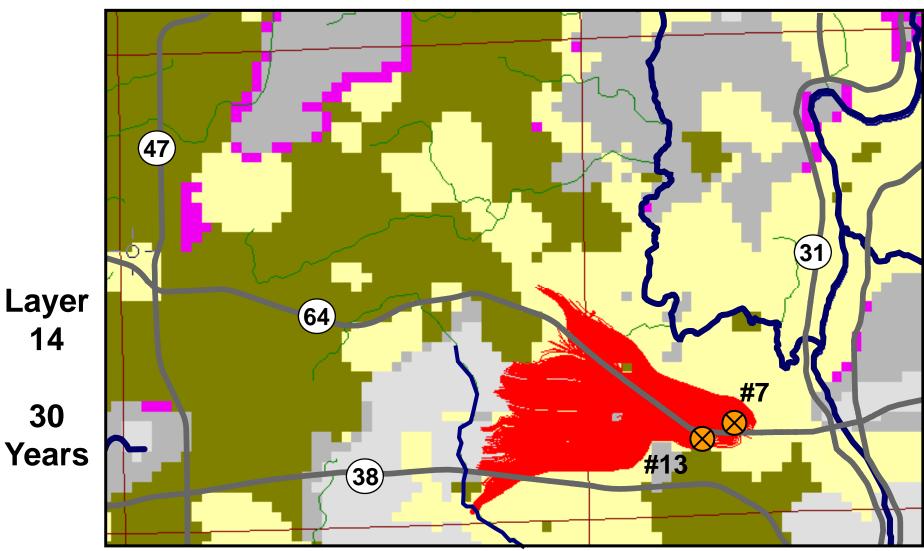




14 25

Years

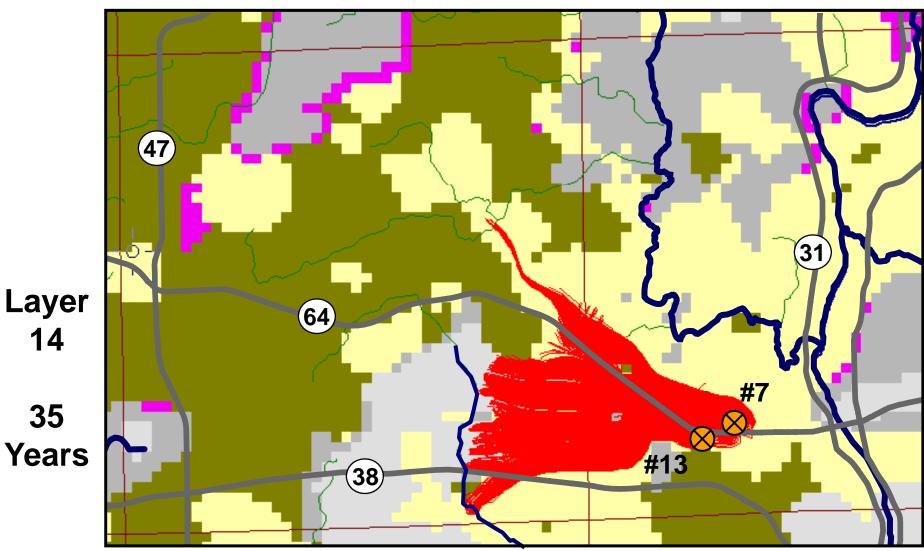




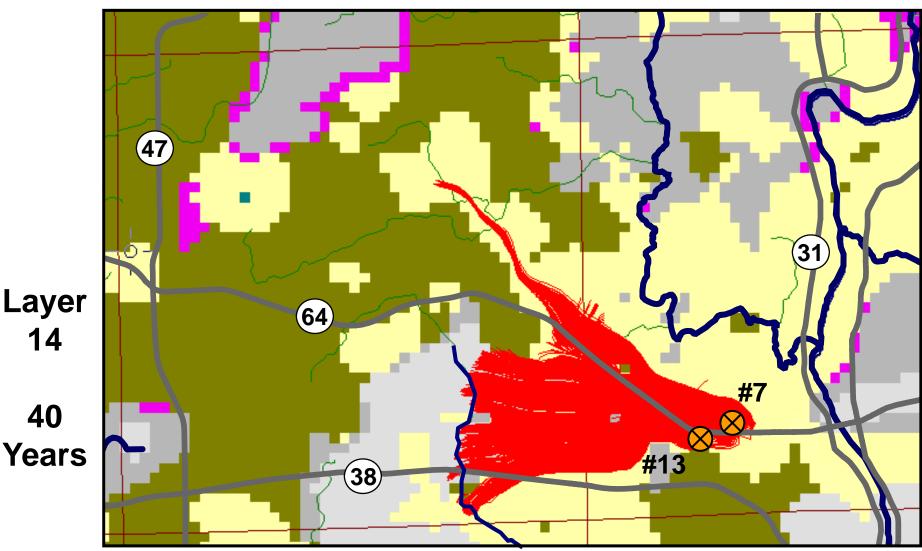
30 Years

14









Layer 14 **40**



Predictive Scenarios

- Increase pumpage to year 2050
 - Existing wells
- Example from Algonquin #7, #8, and #9
 - Assume no conservation
 - Pumping rate increases by 0.04 MGD per year
 - 2005 2.27 MGD
 - 2050 4.00 MGD



Year 2005

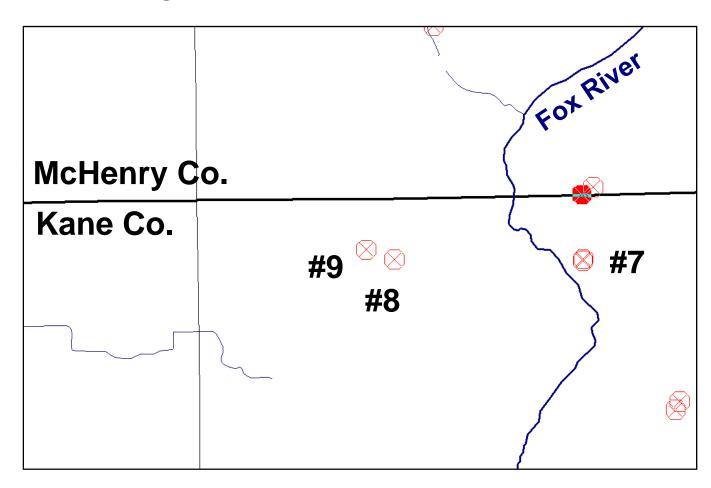
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.08

#8 - 0.26

#9 - 0.93

Total - 2.27





Year 2010

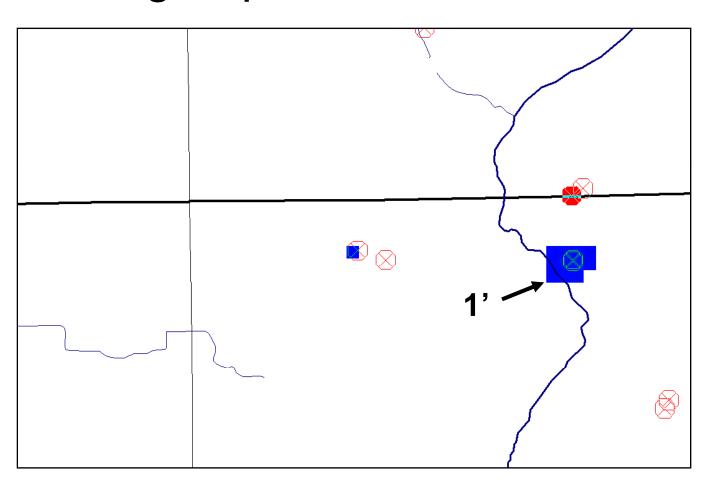
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.17

#8 - 0.28

#9 - 1.00

Total – 2.45





Year 2015

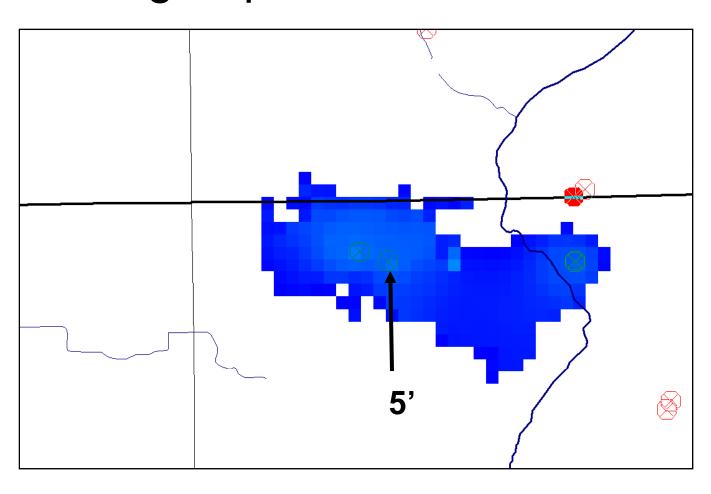
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.26

#8 - 0.30

#9 - 1.09

Total – 2.65





Year 2020

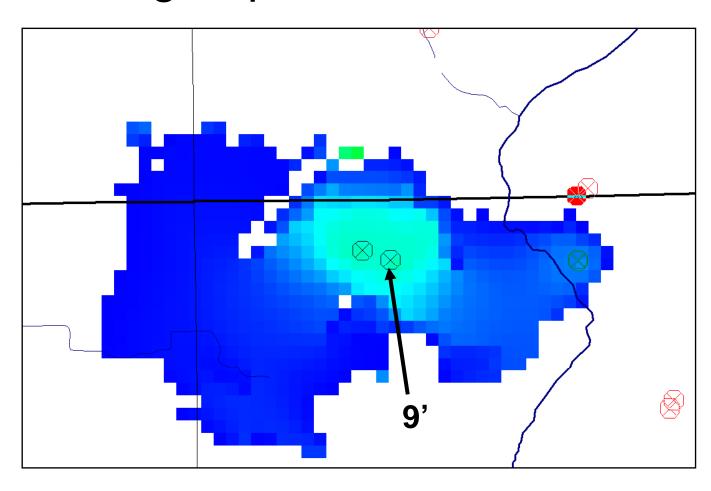
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.35

#8 - 0.32

#9 - 1.16

Total - 2.83





Year 2025

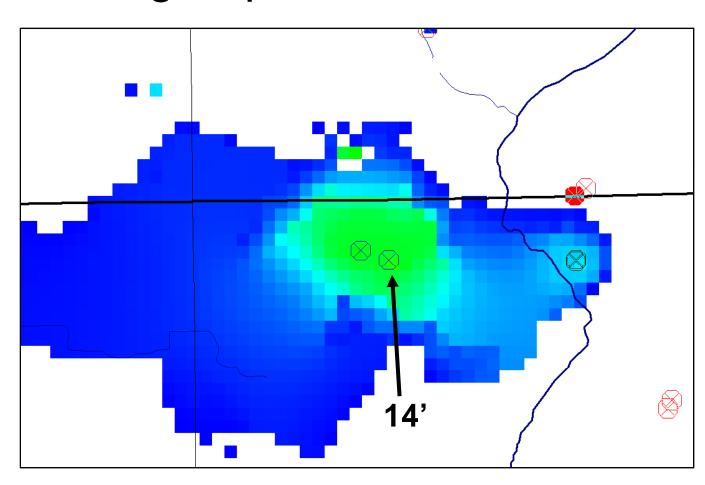
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.44

#8 - 0.34

#9 - 1.24

Total – 3.02





Year 2030

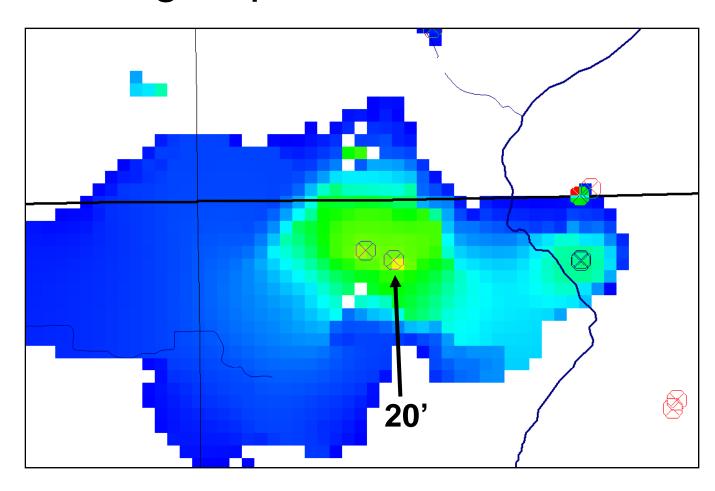
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.53

#8 - 0.36

#9 - 1.32

Total - 3.21





Year 2035

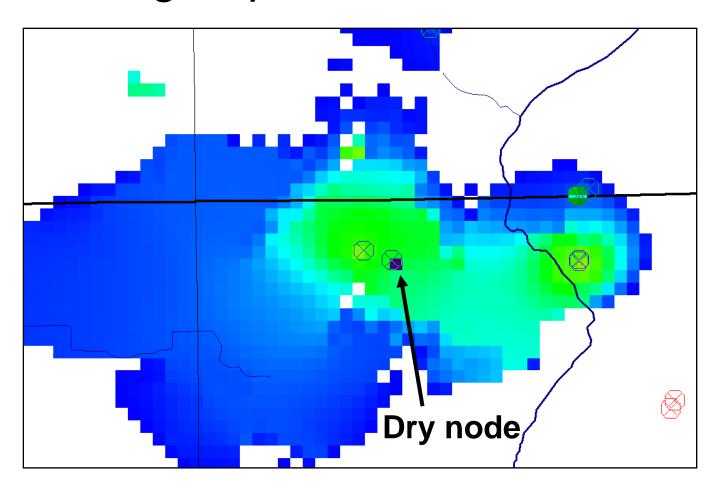
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.63

#8 – Dry

#9 - 1.40

Total – 3.03





Year 2040

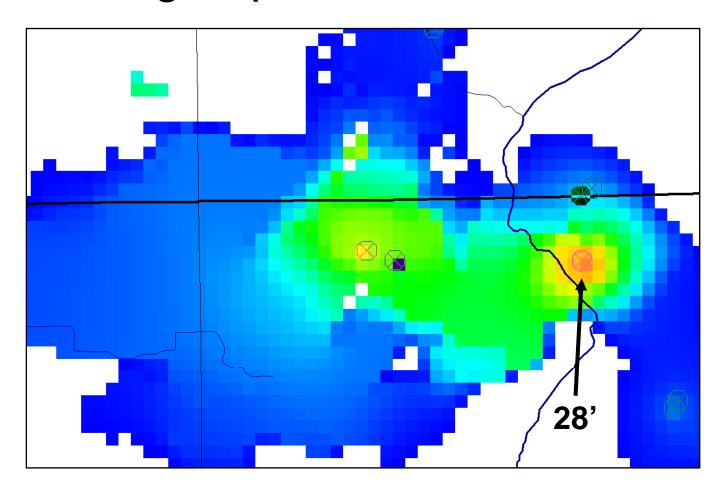
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.72

#8 – Dry

#9 - 1.48

Total - 3.20





Year 2045

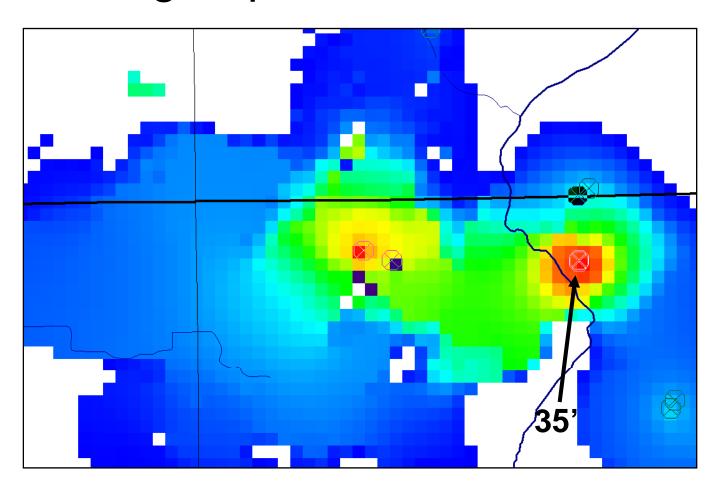
Pumping rate (MGD)

#7 - 1.81

#8 – Dry

#9 - 1.56

Total - 3.37

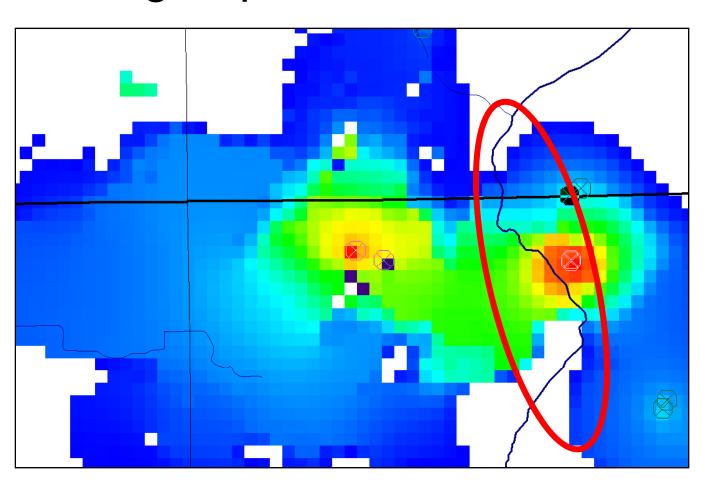




Year 2045

Discharge to Fox River decreased by 0.66 MGD

60% of 1.10 MGD increase in pumpage



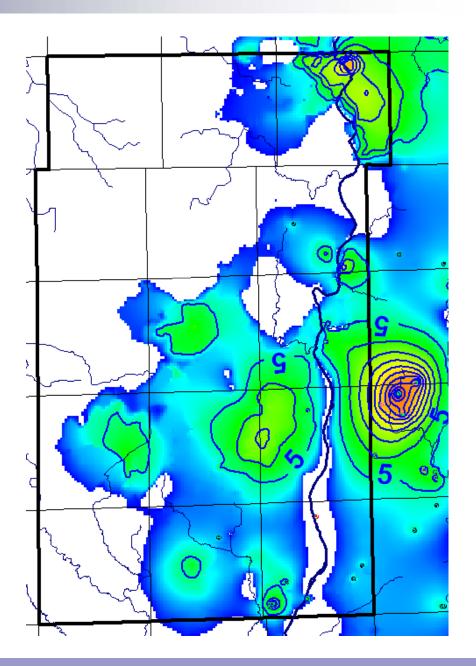


Drawdown at 2050

Shallow Bedrock Aquifer

Minimum color shading: 1 foot

Contour interval: 5 feet



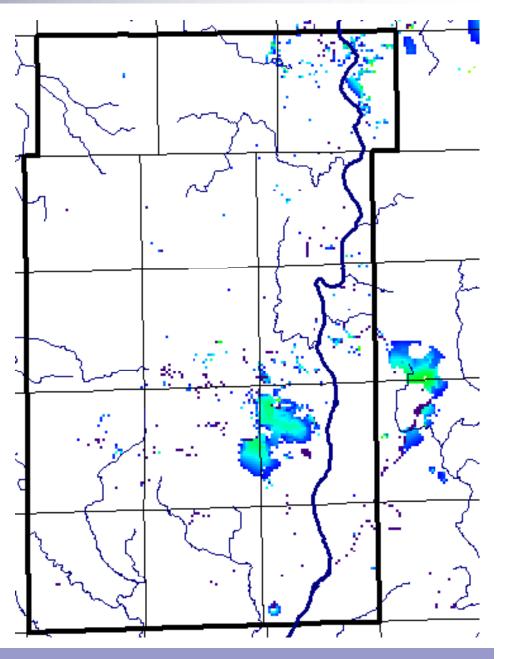


Drawdown at 2050

Batestown Outwash Aquifer (above Tiskilwa Till)

Minimum color shading: 1 foot

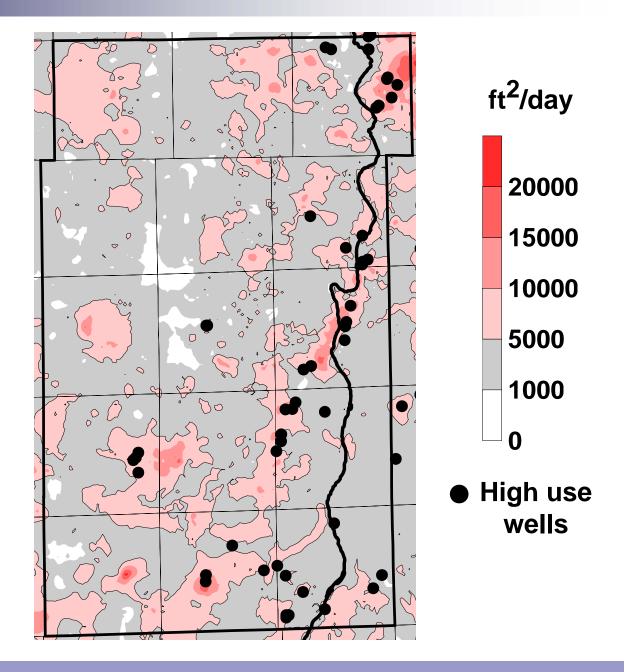
Contour interval: 5 feet





Where can new wellfields be located?

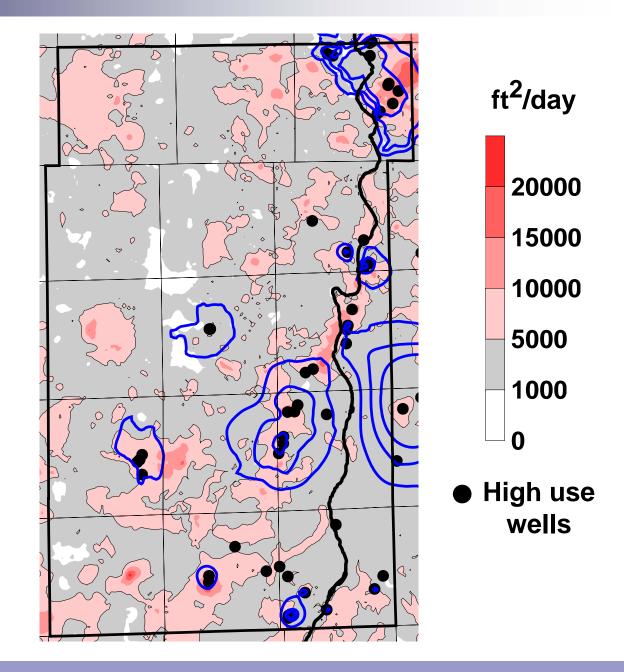
Transmissivity (thickness x permeability)





Where can new wellfields be located?

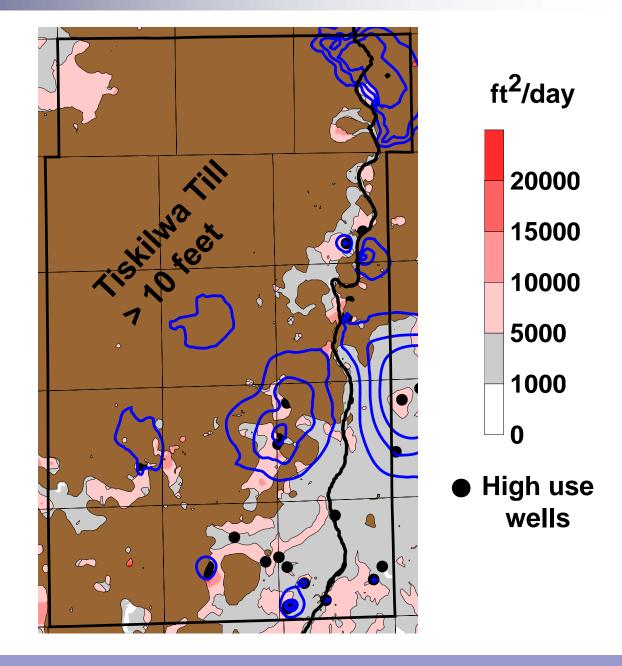
- Transmissivity (thickness x permeability)
- Drawdown(> 5 feet)





Where can new wellfields be located?

- Transmissivity (thickness x permeability)
- Drawdown
- Tiskilwa till aquitard





Summary – Shallow Aquifer Model

- Toolbox for water supply planning
- Results of future use scenarios dependant on local geology and hydrology
 - Connection and flow in streams
 - Presence of the Tiskilwa Till
 - Aquifer properties
- Development of new large wellfields
 - Many of the prime locations are currently used
 - Impacts to existing users
 - Impact to low flows in streams